## Good morning

It's Saturday, April 8, 1995

Today's forecast: Chance of rain, then cloudy and mild. High 63. Chance of showers tonight. Low 45. Weather / A2





## Resting his case

A newly found transcript helps show how a Lafayette man beat a murder rap 158 years ago Life & Times / B1





# Journal and Courier

# found slain in tavern

Police lack suspect in Lafayette crime

By GREGORY A. HALL

The slain owner of Mom's Place, a Lafayette bar, was found by a cus-tomer Friday afternoon.

tomer Friday atternoon.

Police have no suspect in the death of Barbara J. Nobile, 67, of Lafayette, said Lt. Tony Roswarski of the Lafayette Police Department.

Dr. William Sholty, Tippecanoe County coroner, said Nobile was found in a closet at the back of the

bar.
"She has a number of wounds," he said. "But I don't know how many." He said they appeared to be stab

wounds.

Roswarski said he did not know whether police, in combing through the scene, had recovered the weapon. Investigators removed the body from the bar, at 1301 Union St., at 6:10 p.m. An autopsy will be per-

Roswarski said.

Police would not release the nature of Nobiles injury and would not say whether any signs of robbery or burglary were present.

About 3 p.m., a more

A laundry employee went to the bar, came back and said to call 911 again for an ambulance because the

say whether any signs of robbery or burglary were present.

About 3 p.m., a man came into Scrub-a-Duds, a neighboring coin operated laundry, and yelled that someone should call 911 because a body had been found at the bar.

A laundry employee went to the present passed and said to call 911 was a laundry employee went to the saying the woman was possibly because back and said to call 911.

See HOMICIDE, Back Page



# TV talk unprecedented for Congress member

By DAVID ESPO

By DAVID ESPO
The Associated Press

WASHINGTON — In a prime time prerogative
normally reserved for presidents. House Speaker
Newt Gingrich declared Friday night that the
Republican "Contract With America" was only a
beginning, and summoned the nation to help "totally remake the federal government."
In a nationwide televised speech from his Capitol office, Gingrich said the time had come "to
balance the federal budget and to free our children from the burdens upon their prosperity and
their lives."
Democratic leaders
spoke sharply in their
response. "Republicans cut (school lunch
programs), to favor
tax breaks for the
wealthiest Americans," said House
Democratic Leader
Richard Gephardt.
Gingrich's speech
was the final act of a

Richard Gephardt.
Gingrich's speech
was the final act of a
94-day drama in
which the new Republican majority
brought 10 major
bills to the floor of
the House and passed
nine of them.
Only a proposal for

"The government is out of touch and out of control. It is in need of deep and deliberate change."

— Newt Gingrich

bills to the floor of the House and passed nine of them.

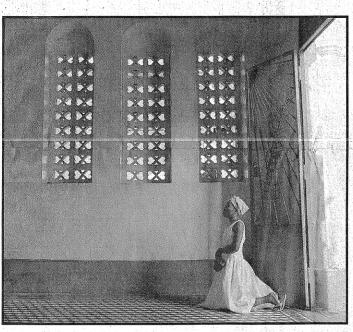
Only a proposal for term limits failed in the House, and when he got to it in his speech. Gingrich shrugged and said "we failed."

The Georgian's speech marked the first time a congressional leader of either party had received network coverage for a prime-time address to the nation. CBS, CNN and C-SPAN televised the 30-minute speech.

Gingrich offered few policy proposals, although he said one congressional office building would be sold, and at least one parking lot privatized. Hearings will be held this summer on a plan to create a "fat tax" to replace the income tax, he promised, and health reform will be passed so people changing jobs can't lose their insurance. For the most part, his speech was designed to lay the foundation for the coming battle to balance the budget over the next seven years.

"I am here tonight to say that we're going to open a dialogue, because we want to create a new partnership with the American people, a plan to remake the government and balance the budget that is the American people, a plan to remake the government and balance the budget. An estimated \$1.2 trillion must be cut from planned spending to wipe out the deficits.

"I want to reassure all of you who are on Social Security, or will soon retire." Gingrich said, "that ... no one will touch your Social Security, or will soon retire." Gingrich said, "that ... no one will touch your Social Security."



"When I talk to people, there's a true joy inside. Not happiness—joy. It's a joy that comes from knowing this life is fleeting. They're going to a better world."

—The Rev. Tony Levi, St. Thomas Aquinas Church

With the most basic needs unmet, a Haitian woman kneels to woman kneels to ask God for food. The average per capita income here is about \$3 a day. In rural areas, per capita income drops to \$1 a day.

By Frank Oliver/ Journal and Cour

THE SERIES:

The Journal and Courier's weeklong look at how local esidents are helping Haitians through the transition to democracy.

INSIDE TODAY: Despite continuing problems, Haitians

# EVERY KNEE SHALL

By JOHN NORBERG

PORT-AU-PRINCE, Haiti— Wearing a long white dress she's kept from the mud of the street, a young woman with hoop earrings walks through the 10-foot-high doors of St. Joseph Catholic Church and drops to her knees on the dirty

the floor.

On a Friday afternoon, barely inside the huge church at the edge of one of this city's major slums, her eyes are set on the cross hanging



far to the front. Her feet, only part-ly covered by orange thongs, are caked with the dirt of her daily toil. From her kneeling position, her

face is tilted slightly upward, her eyes open, her lips moving in rapid prayer. Her arms move expressively in front of her as she prays again and again, speaking her feelings with her lips, her hands, her heart and her soul.

As she prays, a choir sings, practicing an angelic chant that echoes through the huge stone building, an oasis of peace from the istraet outside, where people are struggling to survive, surrounded by sickness and filth, hunger and despair.

An unshakeable faith

On the altar hangs a banner.
"An-n riske ak bondye renmen-an,"
it says in Croele, the letters large
and bold.
"Let us face the risks with God
who loves us."

Amid some of the worst living
conditions in the world, mired in
their own sewage and garbage and
poverty, the people of Haiti face the
perils of their existence with a
strong faith in God who loves them.

See HAITI, Page 4

## COMING SUNDAY

The Lafayette School Corp. board has been in office for 100 days. How have things changed? What has this board accomplished?

The Journal and Courier reveals its 1994-95 All-Area Girls Basketball Team, with features on the player and coach of the year.

# AARP, medical groups rip GOP plans for Medicare, Medicaid

By The Washington Post
WASHINGTON — In the opening salvo of the next great congressional battle, four major doctor's associations and targest or ganization of older people Friday declared, their opposition to Republican plans for vast cuts in the growth of Medicare and Medicaid.

The two swelling programs around for more than one-sixth of the federal budget.

Republican Senate leaders the American Association of Reprosentatives the American Association of Republican with a growth by some than 10 percentage of the House Ways and Means the Medicare and Medicaid.

Medicare and Medicaid.

Medicare and Medicaid and physician shat have a total of more than 200,000 members.

Medicare and Medicaid.

Medicare and Medicaid are frowing by more than 10 percentage of the House Ways and Means the province of trade associations for gertations, osteopaths, internists and family physicians that average the province of the House Ways and Means health subcommittee.

Modicare and Medicaid and province with representatives of trade associations for gertations, osteopaths, internists and province with representatives of trade associations for gertations, osteopaths, internists and family physicians that average the many previous cuts may reduce the delicare and Medicaid and province with receive \$196 bill on in federal funds near the province of the House Ways and Means health subcommittee.

Modicare and Medicaid are from Medicare, which provides the delarming of the House Ways and Means health subcommittee.

The old-fashioned cutting world get us there, sald subcommittee.

The old-fashioned cutting world get us there, sald so the Bill Tronmas, R-Calif, chairman of the House Ways and Means health subcommittee.

The old-fashioned cutting world get us there, sald subcommittee.

The old-fashioned cutting world get us there, sald so the Bill Tronmas, R-Calif, chairman of the House Ways and Means health subcommittee.

The old-fashioned cutting world get us there, sald subcommittee.

The old-fashioned world get us there, sald subcommittee



INSIDE

RIBINESS Hiring for the new Meijer store will start in mid-May / A10 NATION/WORLD The nuclear reactor at Chemobyl, Ukraine, is deteriorating badly. / A3

SPORTS

# PRAYERFUL HAITI: FONT OF HOPE

Their faith is a striking symbol to many who come here, people like Tom Reichert, social concerns coordinator at St. Thomas Aquinas Church in West Lafayette. This is his fifth trip to Haiti. And the faith he finds here always strengthens his own.

"In contrast to the stark, raw, almost savage reality of life here, you find—almost like a desert cactus flower—such love and kindness and joy and happiness and faith coming from the people," Reichert says.

St. Joseph Church, with its high bell tower, is a cream-colored building on Rempert Street, a market are at the edge of a slum called La Saline. The street here is a confluence of sewage and rotting garbage and mud that turns to slime beneath your feet. It sticks to your shoes and your heart as you walk by people sitting in it, selling fly-covered food.

People sell clothes on the street here, and droning from a loud-speaker mounted on a car is the monotone voice of a man selling medicine.
"It cures your headache, your

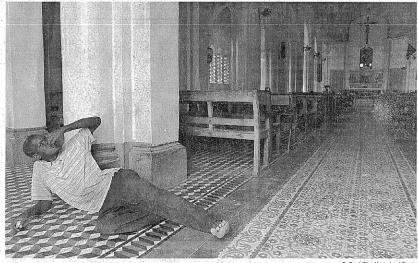
edicine.
"It cures your headache, your omach ache," the man moans in

Creole,
A car is stuck in the mud and spins its tires hopelessly. Water seeps from the bottom of a stopped water truck, and a woman lies on the slimy street beneath it, letting the cool liquid fall on her face, rolling to the thirsty corners of her mouth.

rolling to the thirsty corners of her mouth.

A green metal door to a courtyard is locked where the Missionaries of Charity, Mother Teresa nuns, once held their clinics, treating hundreds of people here for diseases and wounds. Robberies have forced it to close. No one knows where the people who gathered here for prayer and medical aid are getting help now. Rempert Street has no trees for shade or flowers to lessen the uginess that shrouds it.

At the end of the street is St. Joseph, divided from the chaos by a wall and a gate. In a courtyard inside the gate and walls, a few trees and shaded spots afford people a place to sit and pass the day. The once-white stone wall is stained black from charcoal fires



Clutching a crust of bread, a man succumbs to hunger in the foyer of a La Saline church

become more intense.

At the altar stands a well-dressed man in dark trousers and a white shirt. A business satchel in his left hand, he reaches both arms upward toward the cross and

And all the while the choir practices its song, chanting repeated phrases to the echoing beat of a cobou drum. tanbou drum.

The Rev. Tony Levi, a priest at
St. Thomas Aquinas in West

where women have cooked their daily rice and beans. Clothes just washed in plastic tubs are spread across the dusty, stone walkways of the courtyard. Washed shirts are covered with flies.

A young man sitting in the shade against the stone wall wears an Auburn Sugar Bowl shirt. In his arms he cradles and loves and shows off his baby, flies lighting on its tiny face.

its tiny face.

From the doorway of the church

From the doorway of the church imps a young man wearing blue pants and a yellow shirt, his left leg twisted, with his weight resting on his left big toe.

Life has taken a toll on these people. Time has taken a toll on the church. Faces on its statues are worn blank.

It's 4 p.m. and the bell of this old church clangs 55 times in a lit-

Faces worn blank

Lafavette, has seen this faith time

and again during his three trips to Haiti.

tle more than a minute, swallowing any other sound around it. But the 30-member choir keeps practicing, and the 100 people who have gathered here, sitting in wood and metal pews, keep praying. Sitting in a pew, a woman wearing a green T-shirt that says: "Conway High School Band" holds a lit candle and prays again and again. She drops to her knees as the bell I rings and her prayers become more intense. At the altar stands a well-"What encourages me when I come here is I see tons of hope," asys. "I don't see a lot of despair. When I talk to people, there's a true joy inside. Not happiness—joy. It's a joy that comes from knowing this life is fleeting. They're going to a better world. And they share their joy so readily and so easily."

The sights and sounds of faith are everywhere in Hait. Tap-tags pickup trucks that are used as buses, are painted with bright'reds and oranges and greens and yellows and carry messages such as "Merci Jesus." People with no money for food wear crosses hanging from their slender necks.

Some church groups here are wocal in their support of democracy and Jean-Bertrand Aristide, a former Catholic priest. During the "What encourages me when I

three years of military dictatorship that ended last fall, religious leaders were among the thousands of Haitians murdered by police, the military and other organizations supported by the ruling junta.

Among those who faced death threats were the Spiritain Pathers, a group that publishes a newsletter titled Liberte. They hold Sunday morning worship services in an open courtyard by their provincial house. Sister Ellen Weller, who helps run the Hospice St. Joseph—a mission of the Lafayette Catholic Diocese—attends the services. She was there one Sunday last year when a gun was fired outside the high walls of the courtyard where the services are held. For a moment, everyone field their breath. But nothing happened.

"They have been leaders in the democracy movement for years, even before Aristide," Weller says.

They are great examples of menwho have courage to speak out. All
of them have been threatened.
After Antoine Ismery was killed,
someone came right to their door
and said You will be next, just like
Ismery if you don't stop publishing
Liberte."
They did not stop.
They were told if they went to
the funeral of a man who was
assassinated, they would all be
shot. They all went.

God kept his promise?

Now, with U.S. soldiers patrolling the streets of Port-sü-Prince, these threats have stopped. At this outdoor church, people can now worship without fear.

A purple cloth adorns the dark wood table that serves as its altarity-eby-10-foot sections of cloth sewn together—orange, green, red, hang overhead, softening the morning sun.

Men and women in bright, clean, pressed clothes arrive and sit on long benches. A man with gray-black hai: wears a white satin shirt that's been patched in the back to cover a large hole. He smiles agreeting at everyone he sees.

As more than 100 people at the 730 a.m. service stand to sing, a little girl in a yellow dress leans way forward, resting her hands on the now vacant bench before her, looking from side to side. Her mother grabs a bow on the back of her dress and pulls her back beside her.

With the beating on a tanbou drum ringing loud, they sing in a creole language that was made for song, with a pounding sound like the rhythm of a drum.

"Gmet, se ou ki sel espous mouin," they se ou ki sel defans mount," they se ou ki sel defans mount," they

"Gmet, se ou ki sel espoua mouin, se ou kis sel defans mouin," they

se ou kis sel defans mouin," they sing.
"Lord, it is you who is my only-hope," they sing, "who is my only-defense. It is you who makes things happen. It is you who rescues me." The priest in a white robe tells them we all make promises. But, God is the only one who keeps his. Hours later Weller thinks about those words and about the congre-

Hours later Weller thinks about those words and about the congre-gation that can now think and wor-ship freely.
"God kept his promise to these-people," she says.
And she wonders if anyone else

Faith is strong among Haltians, who each day fight poverty, disease and hunger.

# TRANSFORMED BY LOVE

## WL priest believes in renewal for Haiti — it renewed him

By JOHN NORBERG

PORT-AU-PRINCE, Haiti-The

looking this city, sees au tre work unaneeds to be done, and asks a question.

"Can't we just start over?" he asks.

The solutions are too difficult. The
problems are too great.

Haiti is a country of unfulfilled
dreams and unanswered questions.

But faced with such overwhelming
problems, Haiti is also a place where
people like Levi have found the
answer to their life's search.

It was in Haiti that Levi realized
he should become a priest.

Levi, 34, is associate pastor at St.

Thomas Aquinas Church in West
Lafiyette.

A native of Anderson, he has an

Thomas Aquinas Church in West Lafayette.

A native of Anderson, he has an engineering degree from Indiana University-Purdue University Indianapolis. For six years he worked as an engineer for General Motors Corp.

"I was engaged," he says. "I was planning on having 10 kids. I had the perfect job, the perfect woman; everything should have been perfect. But something was missing.

"I had gotten involved in my church. The more I got involved, the more I lided it. Some priests and some teachers kept telling me, "You should think about being a priest! I thought they were nuts. But the more I thought about it, the more I thought I better check this out."

## That defining moment

Levi went to seminary thinking he would quit after the first year. Instead, he continued. And then he

took a trip to Haiti.

"Haiti brought it all together" Levi says. "I was here during Holy Week. I met some Haitian priests. I thought, "These are true priests letting God use them however he wants them used."

That was 1987. Levi also visited Haiti in 1989. Two years ago he was ordained.

After his third trip to Haiti last month, Levi says he continues to be struck by the faith of the people here. He has a hasky build and a gentle voice and manner. He can be very still and patient while he thinks about what he wants to say.

"You know, in the United States we're a country that has everything at our feet," he says. "And yet there are so many unfulfilled people. But here in Haiti, even though there's sorrow and pain and struggle, they rise above that and they are a good people—ago odpeople. They're the kind of people who after you meet them you think, "That's the kind of person I want in my life."

"That's what I come away with. I've found it every year I've been here. That's what encourages me. It's knowing this is not all for naught. Good people here. Good things are happening here."

An old man told him a story on his second trip to Haiti. Old men tell the most meaninght stories. This one was right out of the Bible. It was the story of the wealthy man who asks Jesus was at the total total the set of the s

life. "Give up all you have," Jesus said. "And follow me."
The wealthy man went away

By Frank Oliver/Journal and Co.

Exhaustion overcomes a woman at a Port-au-Prince church.

unhappy. He couldn't do that.
"This old Haitian man told me the rich man was possessed of what he owned," Levi said. "Then he said. We don't have anything to let go of. We just follow Jesus." I thought, "Well, that's what they're doing." You can call it simple faith, but it's a true faith."

## Religious omnigresent

Religious omnipresent
In Hait, religious names are given
to everything. Even a gas station has
the name Immaculate Conception.
"The first two times we came here
tivas Holy Week," Levi says. There
were 250,000 people on the street
doing the stations of the cross. This
lasted five or six hours in the heat
and the sun. We were pitying ourselves in this heat and then I saw and
the sun. The You's Sole shire. old women in her 70s or 80s doing this whole thing with a cinder block

on her head.
"And when it gets to the point

where Jesus fell, they all drop right down on the street while we're worzying about our clothes. They tie this into their lives. They say Jesus fell and rose, and so will Haiti. Haiti will-rise again. They really believe this. Sometimes when Levi looks at Haiti, he just wants to start over. "That's not possible," he says. "But when you look at all these houses so close together and some of them have dirt floors and they have open windows and rats and reaches and everything else crawling around, you can't help but think, "How do you bring them out of this?" "There's got to be a way," he says with conviction. And then his voice quiets. "I wish somehow there would come an answer to all of this," he says. "But I sure as heek don't have the answer. "That's why I pray," he says softly. "That's why I pray," he says softly.

"That's why I pray," he says softly.
"That's my job. I pray."

### FAITH IN CHANGE



by Frank Obvindomation

Notified U.S. Army military policeman and a Haitlan translator are sullen while looking in on "unclaimed" bodies stacked in a Port-au-Prince morgue. Periodically, the corpses are crem

# SIGHS TOO DEEP FOR WORDS

By JOHN NORBERG

Journal and Courier

PORTAU-PRINCE, Haiti—It's a
quiet Sunday evening, the only time
of the week when the streets aren't
jammed with traffic, when the pace
is relaxed, almost refreshing.
The sunset bathes the city in soft
light as Sgt. Cory Baynard and Pfc.
Vernon Cousins navigate a U.S.
Arriny humvee through the downtown area near the white

Army humvee through the down-town area near the white Presidential Palace.

They're on a military police patrol. Nothing is happening.

"Usually we do security checks, respond to complaints, crowd con-trol, normal

routine pat-rolling," says Baynard, a

Baynard, a young woman whose blond hair is braided and tucked underneath her helmet. "Every once in a while we get a dead body. We've had a cou-ple natural causes and a couple we assume to be murder. "Have you seen the morgue?"

## The smell of death

The smell of death

The three army hunvees on patrol make their way to University Hospital and pull up to the morgue, a building in the back. Baynard gets out of her humvee and walks toward the locked door. "This is really bad," she says, preparing the reporter and photographer with her. "If this happened in the United States, someone would really be in trouble."

She pounds on the door and a Haitian man opens it from the inside. Baynard looks back at those following her.

"Breathe through your mouth," she says.

she says.

Immediately inside is a hallway.

To the left is the body of a young

## Troubled island's spirit touches its visitors in unforgettable ways

man lying uncovered on a gurney. One stiff arm hangs straight out

man lying uncovered on a gurney. One stiff arm hangs straight out into the walkway. Lying next to him on the same gurney is the body of a boy, 3 or 4 years old.

A Haitian man unlocks a metal door in the hallway.

"This is it." Baynard says, and the door opens to bodies, partially clothed in pretty, bright pinks and yellows; bodies, stacked one on top of another—more than a hundred of them. They are mostly children, infinatis, babies.

There are four metal racks in the cooler. Each shelf is crammed with stacked bodies, some of the legs hanging so far over the side that only the bodies on top keep them from falling to the blood-spattered concrete floor. There are intestines lying in a corner. The unblinking eyes of children look at you standing in the doorway.

The heavy odor is deep and putrid.

#### Overwhelmed

Twenty-seven percent of children born here die before the age of 5. At one Port-au-Prince children's hospital, deaths are coming faster and faster—one a week last year,

and faster—one a week last year, one a day now.
Some of the soldiers have never seen the morgue before.
Jennifer Lampi, her M-16 rifle hamging over her shoulder, puts hand over her nose and mouth. She is nearly sick as she looks.
"Come on now," shout the male GIs watching her. "Be a soldier."

She puts her hand down and

She puts her hand down and steps away.
"There's another cooler just like this one," Baynard says.
No one wants to see it.
While the soldiers are here, the body of a man, skin peeling from his torso, is dragged into the building and left lying on the concrete floor.

ing and left lying on the concrete floor.

"It's kind of shocking," Baynard says later. "The children kind of look like dolls in there. It disgusts me, it hurts me. It doesn't really seem imaginable that they can treat them like that. The first time I saw it, I was overwhelmed." Haiti is a country that is overwhelmed—by poverty, disease and a legal system in which people wait weeks and months just to see a judge.

judge.

The people are overwhelmed by

Once you see Haiti you are over-whelmed by the sights and sounds

and smells that you can never forget. You are forced to respond.

### 'It is our world'

It is our world'
The Rev. Tony Levi, a priest at St. Thomas Aquinas Church in West Lafiyette, was part of a group from this community who visited Haiti last month.

"People in the United States wonder, Why should we go to a Third World country?" Levi says. We have problems in our own back yard. But the church isn't just in your own back yard. Church comes from the Hebrew word meaning 'people' and that's what the church is. It's a universe of people.

"In the Bible, Paul talks about the body of Christ and says when one part of the body is suffering or nurting, the rest suffers to. Well, this Third World is our world, it's part of who we are. It's suffering. So we're suffering too."

Once you see Haiti, the overwhelming suffering here will forever haunt you.—haunt you like the piercing image of blank eyes staring from the bodies of dead children stacked in a nightmare in your mind.

#### HOW YOU CAN HELP

These individuals and organizations offer humanitarian aid in Haiti:

THESE INDIVIDUAIS AIR O IGENIZATION SIDER INTERNATIONAL THREE INDIVIDUAIS THREE THR

The Journal and Courier Online features links to some of the Internet's best information resources about Haiti. Point your World Wide Web browser, such as Netscape or Mosaic, to http://www.mdn.com/jconline



By Frank Oliver/Journal and C The body of a man lies splayed in the hallway of a Port-au Prince morque. Like hundreds of others, the unidentified was simply dragged into the morgue and left there